

Please write clearly, in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

GCSE SOCIOLOGY

Paper 1 The Sociology of Families and Education

Additional specimen

Morning Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box, around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets.
 - The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
 - Questions should be answered in continuous prose. You will be assessed on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.
-

Section A: Families

Answer **all** questions in this section.

For questions with four responses only **one** answer per question is allowed.

For each answer completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.

If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.

0 1

Which term is used by sociologists to describe the practice of being married to only one person at a time?

[1 mark]

A Monogamy

B Polyandry

C Polygamy

D Polygyny

0 2

Which term is used by sociologists to describe a family with parents and their children?

[1 mark]

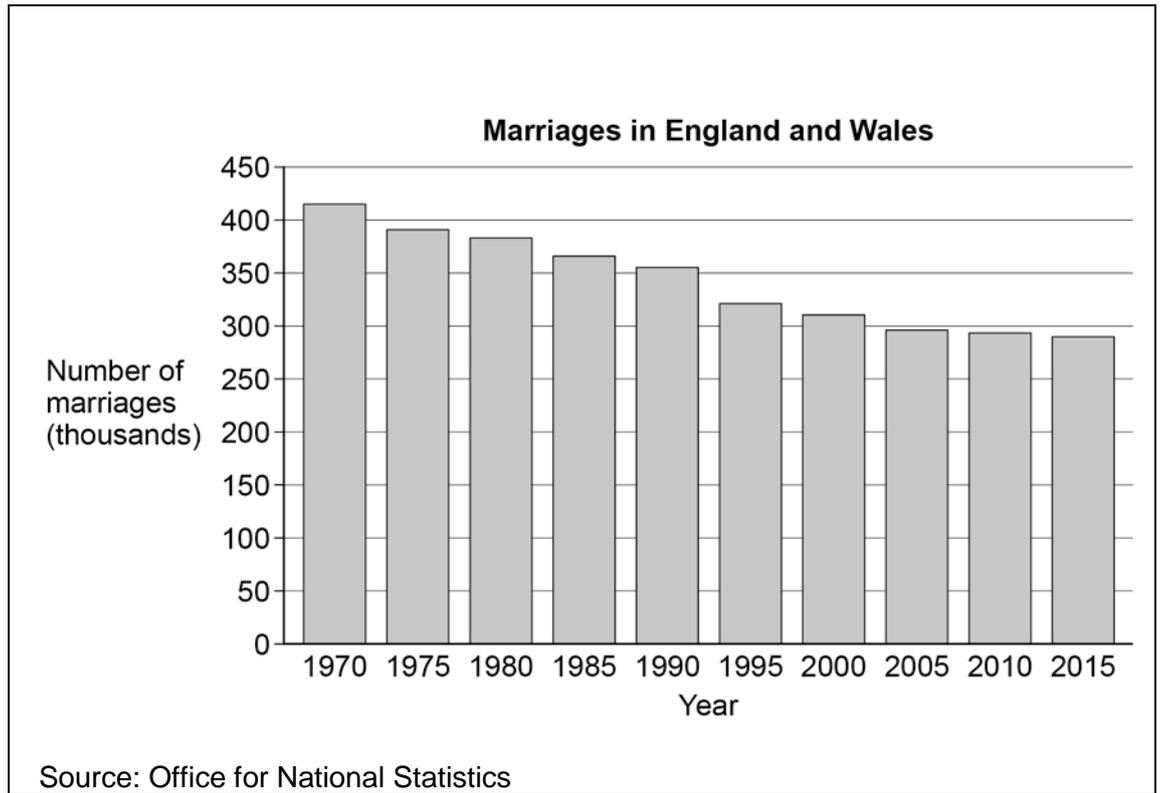
A Cohabiting couple

B Extended family

C Lone-parent family

D Nuclear family

Item A



0 5

From **Item A**, examine **one** strength of using statistics to research marriage.

[2 marks]

Section B: Education

Answer **all** questions in this section.

1 2

Which term is used by sociologists to describe the indirect learning of values and expectations based on the organisation of a school?

[1 mark]

- A** De-schooling
- B** Formal curriculum
- C** Hidden curriculum
- D** Social cohesion

1 3

Which term is used by sociologists to describe a small-scale trial to test a particular research method before using it in a research project?

[1 mark]

- A** Case study
- B** Ethnography
- C** Longitudinal study
- D** Pilot study
-

Item C

Halsey, Heath and Ridge (1980) found clear social class inequalities in education. They used a sample of 8529 males born between 1913 and 1952.

The participants were divided into three social classes based on their father's occupation:

1. the service class - professional workers
2. the intermediate class - clerical or sales workers
3. the working class - manual workers in industry and agriculture.

The research showed that a boy from the service class, compared to a boy from the working class had four times as great a chance of being at school at 16, eight times the chance at 17 and ten times the chance at 18. His chance of going to university was eleven times greater than a boy from the working class.

1 6

From **Item C**, examine **one** weakness of the research.

[2 marks]

1 7

Identify and explain **one** advantage of using a longitudinal study to investigate the relationship between social class and educational achievement as referred to in **Item C**.

[4 marks]

1 8

Identify and explain **one** advantage of using group interviews to investigate school subcultures.

[4 marks]
